

WERTMAN ARCHIVES -- NAME SUMMARY FORM
Civil War Service and Pension Records
Archives of the United States of America; Ancestry: US Civil War Soldiers, 1861-1865
September, 2000 to Present

Moser, Gideon

Unit: Co. E, 28 Pennsylvania Infantry

Occupation: Engineer

Birth:

Place: New Tripoli, Lehigh Co., Pennsylvania Date: 1 Sep 1839

Enlisted:

Place: Mauch Chunk, Carbon Co., Penn. Date: 25 Jun 1861

Place: Wauhatchie, Tennessee Date: 27 Dec 1863

Discharge:

Place: Washington, D. C. Date: 18 Jul 1865

Marriage:

Place: Nicholson, Wyoming Co., Pa. Date: 24 Oct 1870

To: Clara Arletta Tiffany By: Rev. William H. Strauss

Death:

Place: Dalton, Lackawanna Co., Penn. Date: 2 Jan 1915

Notes: Mauch Chunk is now Jim Thorpe, PA

MILITARY AND PENSION RECORDS AT NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Detachment Muster-in Roll -- Name: Gideon Moser, Private; Unit: E, 28th Regiment Pennsylvania Infantry; Age: 22; Roll Dated: Philadelphia, Pa, July 6, 1861; Muster-in date: July 6, 1861; Joined for duty and enrolled – When: July 6, 1861; Where: Philadelphia, Pa.; Period: 3 years; Bounty paid: \$; Due: \$; Remarks: From Mauch Chunk, Carbon County.

Company Muster Roll -- Name: Gideon Moser, Private; Unit: E, 28th Regiment Pennsylvania Infantry; For: To August 31, 1861; Joined for duty and enrolled: When: June 25, 1861; Where: Mauch Chunk; Period: 3 years; Present or absent: Not Stated; Stoppage: \$; Due Gov't: \$; Remarks:

Company Muster Roll -- Name: Gideon Moser, Private; Unit: E, 28th Regiment Pennsylvania Infantry; For: September & October 1861; Present or absent: Not Stated; Stoppage: \$; Due Gov't: \$; Remarks:

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Company Muster Roll -- Name: Gideon Moser, Private; Unit: E, 28th Regiment Pennsylvania Infantry; For: November & December 1861; Present or absent: Not Stated; Stoppage: \$; Due Gov't: \$; Remarks:

Company Muster Roll -- Name: Gideon Moser, Private; Unit: E, 28th Regiment Pennsylvania Infantry; For: January & February 1862; Present or absent: Present; Stoppage: \$; Due Gov't: \$; Remarks:

Company Muster Roll -- Name: Gideon Moser, Private; Unit: E, 28th Regiment Pennsylvania Infantry; For: March & April 1862; Present or absent: Present; Stoppage: \$; Due Gov't: \$; Remarks:

Company Muster Roll -- Name: Gideon Moser, Private; Unit: E, 28th Regiment Pennsylvania Infantry; For: May & June 1862; Present or absent: Present; Stoppage: \$; Due Gov't: \$; Remarks:

Company Muster Roll -- Name: Gideon Moser, Private; Unit: E, 28th Regiment Pennsylvania Infantry; For: July & August 1862; Present or absent: Not Stated; Stoppage: \$; Due Gov't: \$; Remarks:

Company Muster Roll -- Name: Gideon Moser, Private; Unit: E, 28th Regiment Pennsylvania Infantry; For: August 18, 1862; Present or absent: Present; Stoppage: \$; Due Gov't: \$; Remarks:

Company Muster Roll -- Name: Gideon Moser, Private; Unit: E, 28th Regiment Pennsylvania Infantry; For: September & October 1862; Present or absent: Present; Stoppage: \$; Due Gov't: \$; Remarks:

Company Muster Roll -- Name: Gideon Moser, Private; Unit: E, 28th Regiment Pennsylvania Infantry; For: November & December 1862; Present or absent: Present; Stoppage: \$; Due Gov't: \$; Remarks:

Company Muster Roll -- Name: Gideon Moser, Private; Unit: E, 28th Regiment Pennsylvania Infantry; For: January & February 1863; Present or absent: Present; Stoppage: \$; Due Gov't: \$; Remarks:

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Company Muster Roll -- Name: Gideon Moser, Private; Unit: E, 28th Regiment Pennsylvania Infantry; For: March & April 1863; Present or absent: Present; Stoppage: \$; Due Gov't: \$; Remarks:

Company Muster Roll -- Name: Gideon Moser, Private; Unit: E, 28th Regiment Pennsylvania Infantry; For: April 10, 1863; Present or absent: Present; Stoppage: \$; Due Gov't: \$; Remarks:

Company Muster Roll -- Name: Gideon Moser, Private; Unit: E, 28th Regiment Pennsylvania Infantry; For: May & June 1863; Present or absent: Present; Stoppage: \$; Due Gov't: \$; Remarks:

NOTE: No Company Muster Roll for July & August 1863.

Company Muster Roll -- Name: Gideon Moser, Private; Unit: E, 28th Regiment Pennsylvania Infantry; For: September & October 1863; Present or absent: Present; Stoppage: \$; Due Gov't: \$; Remarks:

Casualty Sheet – Name: Gideon Moser; Rank: Private; Company: E; Regiment: 28; Arm: Infantry; State: Pa.; Place of Casualty: Ringgold, Ga.; Nature of Casualty: Wounded; Date of Casualty: November 27, 1873; From What Source This Information Was Obtained. Report of Killed, Wounded, and Missing of the Regiment: ; Brigade: 1; Division: 2; Corps: 12; Dated: December 8, 1863 Book 2, Dept of the Cumb p. 137.

Company Muster Roll -- Name: Gideon Moser, Private; Unit: E, 28th Regiment Pennsylvania Infantry; For: November & December 1863; Present or absent: Present; Stoppage: \$; Due Gov't: \$; Remarks: Reenlisted as a Vet. Vol.

Volunteer Enlistment – Name: Gideon Moser; State: Tennessee; Town: Wauhachie; Born: Lehigh Co.; State: Pennsylvania; Age: 24; Occupation: Engineer; Date of Enlistment: 24 December 1863.

Volunteer Enlistment (Second Copy) – Name: Gideon Moser; State: Tennessee; Town: Wauhachie; Born: Lehigh Co.; State: Pennsylvania; Age: 24; Occupation: Engineer; Date of Enlistment: 24 December 1863.

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Detachment Muster-out Roll -- Name: Gideon Moser, Private; Unit: E, 28th Reg't Pa. Infantry; Age: 24; Roll Dated: Wauhatchie, Tenn., December 26, 1863; Muster-out Date: December 26, 1863; Last Paid to: February 28, 1863; Clothing Account – Last Settled: ; Drawn Since: \$27.83; Due soldier: \$; Due U. S.: \$6.83; Amount for clothing in kind or money advanced: \$; Due U. S. for arms, equipment's, &c: \$; Bounty paid: \$; Due: \$; Remarks: Discharged by virtue of re-enlistment as Vet. Vol. under prov. Of G. O. No. 191 of 1863 from the War Dept.

Detachment Muster-in Roll -- Name: Gideon Moser, Private; Unit: E, 28 Reg't Pa. Infantry; Age: 24; Roll Dated: Wauhatchie, Tenn., Dec. 27, 1863; Muster-in date: Dec. 24, 1863; Joined for duty and enrolled – When: Dec. 24, 1863; Where: Wauhatchie, Tenn.; Period: 3 years; Bounty paid: \$; Due: \$; Remarks: Re-enlisted as a Vet. Vol.

Company Muster Roll -- Name: Gideon Moser, Private; Unit: E, 28th Regiment Pennsylvania Infantry; For: January & February 1864; Present or absent: ; Stoppage: \$; Due Gov't: \$; Remarks: Discharged Dec 26 / 63 by virtue of reenlistment as Vet. Vol. under provision of G. O. no. 191, series of 1863, War Dept.

Company Muster Roll -- Name: Gideon Moser, Private; Unit: E, 28th Regiment Pennsylvania Infantry; For: January & February 1864; Present or absent: Present; Stoppage: \$2.18 for C. & G. E.; Due Gov't: \$; Remarks: As Vet. Vol. / G. O. No. 191, S. of '63 War Dept. Has 2d install bounty due him this pay of \$50.00. Has rec'd one months advance pay of \$13. Promoted to Corpl. Ja'y 1 / 64 vice A. Moser [His Brother] promoted Sgt.

Company Muster Roll -- Name: Gideon Moser, Corporal; Unit: E, 28th Regiment Pennsylvania Infantry; For: March & April 1864; Present or absent: Present; Stoppage: \$2.18 for C. & G. E.; Due Gov't: \$; Remarks: Vet. Vol. rec'd one month pay in advance \$13, 2d install. Bounty due.

Company Muster Roll -- Name: Gideon Moser, Corporal; Unit: E, 28th Regiment Pennsylvania Infantry; For: May & June 1864; Present or absent: Present; Stoppage: \$2.18 for C. & G. E.; Due Gov't: \$; Remarks: Vet. Vol. one month advance pay \$13.00, Second installment Bounty due.

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Company Muster Roll -- Name: Gideon Moser, Corporal; Unit: E, 28th Regiment Pennsylvania Infantry; For: July & August 1864; Present or absent: Present; Stoppage: \$2.18 for C. & G. E.; Due Gov't: \$; Remarks: Vet. Vol. Rec'd one month advance pay \$13.00, 2d 3d installment Bounty due.

Company Muster Roll -- Name: Gideon Moser, Corporal; Unit: E, 28th Regiment Pennsylvania Infantry; For: September & October 1864; Present or absent: Present; Stoppage: ; Due Gov't: \$; Remarks: Vet. Vol.

Company Muster Roll -- Name: Gideon Moser, Corporal; Unit: E, 28th Regiment Pennsylvania Infantry; For: November & December 1864; Present or absent: Present; Stoppage: ; Due Gov't: \$; Remarks: Vet. Vol. 4th install. Bounty due \$50.

Company Muster Roll -- Name: Gideon Moser, Corporal; Unit: E, 28th Regiment Pennsylvania Infantry; For: January & February 1865; Present or absent: Present; Stoppage: ; Due Gov't: \$; Remarks: Vet. Vol. 4th install. Bounty due \$50.

Company Muster Roll -- Name: Gideon Moser, Corporal; Unit: E, 28th Regiment Pennsylvania Infantry; For: March & April 1865; Present or absent: Present; Stoppage: ; Due Gov't: \$; Remarks: Vet. Vol. 4th install. Bounty due \$50.

Company Muster Roll -- Name: Gideon Moser, Corporal; Unit: E, 28th Regiment Pennsylvania Infantry; For: May & June 1865; Present or absent: Present; Stoppage: ; Due Gov't: \$; Remarks: Vet. Vol.

Co. Muster-out Roll -- Name: Gideon Moser, Corporal; Unit: e, 28th Regiment Pennsylvania Infantry; Age: 27; Roll Dated: Alexandria, Va., July 18, 1865; Muster-out Date: July 18, 1865; Last Paid to: April 30, 1865; Clothing Account – Last Settled: December 31, 1864; Drawn Since: \$33.02 ; Due soldier: \$; Due U. S.: \$1.88; Amount for clothing in kind or money advanced: \$; Due U. S. for arms, equipment's, &c: \$; Bounty paid: \$210.00 ; Due: \$190.00; Remarks: Vet. Vol. Promt'd from Priv. to Corp'l Jan 1 – 64. Severly wounded at Battle of Ringgold, Ga., Nov. 27 – 63. ???? for Springfiled Rifle & ac. Per circ. No. 24, W. D. ??? 0\$, 6.00.

NOTE: Pension Documents – Each document contained within each NARA file has been photographed. Not every document has been annotated below, but only those with family history data are summarized.

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U.S., Civil War Pension Index: General Index to Pension Files, 1861-1934

Name: Gidson [Gideon] Moser; Gender: Male; Service: E, 28 Pa. Inf.; Date of Filing: 1873 Apr 23; Class: Invalid; Application No.: 183069; Certificate No., 130137; Date of Filing: 1915 Jan 15; Class: Widow; Application No.: 1039859; Certificate No., 788629; State From Which Filed: Pa.; Place Filed: Pennsylvania, USA; Relation to Head: Soldier; Spouse: Clara A Moser

Original Invalid Claim. Date: 17 February 1873; Soldier: Gideon Moser; P. O.: Coaldale; County: Schuylkill; State: Pennsylvania; Rank: Corporal; Company: E; Regiment: 28th Regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteers; Important Dates -- Enlisted: 25 June 1861 & 24 December 1863; Mustered: ; Discharged: 26 December 1863 & 18 July 1865; Basis of Claim -- "... that while in the service as aforesaid the following wound at the Battle of Ringgold, George on or about the 24th day of November, A.D. 1863, he received a gun shot wound in the head, and the ball has not been extracted, which impaired his hearing and incapacitated him for the duty and was sent to Hospital at Chattanooga, Tennessee, and from thence to his Regiment, Said wound has since impaired his hearing still more, and is nearly totally disabled for performing manual labor, and has resided in Schuylkill County, Pennsylvania since leaving the service, and was a engineer when he entered the said service.

General Affidavit -- Dated 5 April 1873 of Jacob D. Arner, Captain Commanding Company E in the 28th Regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteers a resident of Summit Hill, Carbon Co., Pennsylvania in support of the claim of Gideon Moser. It reads: "... that he is well acquainted with Gideon Moser, who was a member of Company E in the 28th Regt. Penna. Vols. ... The said Gideon Moser, was wounded while in line of Battle at Ringgold, George, on or about the 27th day of November A.D. 1863. He received a gun shot wound in the head, which incapacitated him totally from doing any duty as a soldier and was sent to Chattanooga Hospital and on his return reenlisted, in the same comp. and regiment but never was able to perform the duties of a soldier satisfactorily and would have been discharged by reason of said wound, but was allowed to remain in the service of the United States, on account of his previous conduct as a good and faithful soldier."

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Return from War Department, Adjutant General's Office to Commissioner of Pensions, dated 23 April 1873, reporting on Gideon Moser's service. It reads as follows: Enlisted 6 July 1861; Mustered: 6 July 1861; Discharged: 18 July 1865, Mustered out with Company (2nd Enlistment). Roll for November, 1863, covering date of alleged disability says: Absent sick in General hospital sine 27 November 1863. Regt. Was in action that day at Ringgold, Ga. Reenlisted as a Veterans Dec. 27, 1863. Present at muster Dec. 31, 1863. M. O. Roll of Co., dated July 18 / 65 mustered out with Co., that date with remark "Severely wounded at the battle of Ringgold, Ga. Nov. 27, 1863." **Return from War Department, Surgeon General's Office** to Commissioner of Pensions, dated 23 April 1873, reporting on Gideon Moser's service. It reads as follows: "Treatment in Chattanooga Genrl. Field Hospital from Nov. 28, 1863 to ___ for G. S. W. head F. W. and was sent to Murfressboro, Dec 25, 1863. Records of Murfressboro Tenn. furnish no information in this case." **Parole Evidence as to Origin of Disability** dated 23 April 1873. Testimony of commissioned officer Capt. J. D. Arner (Capt. Same Co.) that "Caliment rec'd a G. S. W. in the head while in line of battle at Ringgold, Ga. On or about Nov. 27, 1863 and was never able to perform the duties of a soldier satisfactorily thereafter.

Original Invalid Claim. Date: 23 April 1873; Soldier: Gideon Moser; P. O.: Coaldale; County: Schuylkill; State: Penna.; Rank: Private; Company: E; Regiment: 28th Penna. Vol. Inf.; Rate, \$_ per month, commencing 23 April, 1873; Pensioned for: ; Important Dates -- Enlisted: July 6, 1861 ; Mustered: ; Discharged: July 18, 1865; Declaration filed: April 23, 1873; Basis of Claim – G. S. W. of head received at battle of Ringgold, George November 27, 1863 causing loss of hearing.

General Affidavit -- Dated 18 June 1873 of Gideon Moser a resident of Coaldale, Schuylkill, Pennsylvania in support of his claim. It reads: "... that he is a claimant for Pension application now on file in the Pension Office at Washington, D.C. No. 183,069, and that he has not benn in military or naval service of the United States since July 18th A.D. 1865, the date when discharged from that service."

Return from War Department, Adjutant General's Office to Commissioner of Pensions, dated 3 June 1873, reporting on Gideon Moser's service. It reads as follows: Mustered: 6 July 1861 at Philadelphia in Co. E, 28th Regiment of Pa. Volunteers to serve 3 years. On the return of that regiment for the month of November, 1863 he is reported: Absent sick in General hospital sine 27 November 1863. Regiment was in action that day at Ringgold, Ga. Reenlisted as a Veterans

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Dec. 27, 1863. Present at muster Dec. 31, 1863. On Muster Out Roll of Co., dated July 18, 1865, Corporal, mustered out with Company that date with remark 'Severely wounded at the battle of Ringgold, Ga. November 27, 1863.'

Surgeon's Certificate – Reason: Original Applicant; State: Pennsylvania; County: Carbon; Post Office: Lehighton; Date: July 2, 1873; Name: Gideon Moser; Rank: Private; Unit: E, 28th Reg't. Pa. Vols.; Height: 5' 5 1/2" ; Weight: 155; Complexion: Light; Age: 35; Pulse: 72; Respiration: 19; Examining Surgeon: N. B. Reber; Reads as follows: Gun Shot wound in forehead immediately above right eye. Loss of hearing in both ears. Total loss in the left ear. Not able to hear the tick of watch in either ear when held close to head. Hearing not so bad when discharged from the army but growing worse since, and is now very bad. The aperture of entrance of ball above right eye, none of exit ball, lodged in brain. Hole in pos.? Frontier large enough to ?? in a Minnie ball. ??? He is engineer by trade and is compelled to quit the profession on account of loss of hearing.; Rate Recommended: Total, \$13 per month.

Return from War Department, Surgeon General's Office to Commissioner of Pensions, dated 10 July 1873, reporting on Gideon Moser's service. It reads as follows: "... admitted in Chattanooga General Field Hospital November 28, 1863 for G. S. W. head F. W. and was sent to Murfreesboro, Dec 25, 1863. Name also given as Gideon Mozlis. Records of Murfreesboro Tenn. furnish no information in this case."

General Affidavit -- Dated 7 May 1874 of Michael Thompson, practicing physician, a resident of Summit Hill, Carbon, Pennsylvania in support of the claim of Gideon Moser. It reads: "... that he did treat him professionally during the months of January and February, A.D. 1864 for a gun shot wound of the forehead near the upper and outer right edge of the frontal bone, involving the outer table of the skull of which a portion was dislodged and before the wound was healed his hearing became impaired, and has steadily increased up to the present date and there is no probability of ever curing him, that the sense of hearing was impaired, from the results of the said wound, done to the nervous centers, and owing to his impaired hearing he is very much impaired in his daily occupation."

Original Invalid Claim. Date: 13 May 1874; Soldier: Gideon Moser; P. O.: Coaldale; County: Schuylkill; State: Penna.; Rank: Private; Company: E; Regiment: 28th Penna. Vol. Inf.; Rate, \$13.00 per month, commencing 23 April,

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1873; Pensioned for: ; Important Dates -- Enlisted: July 6, 1861 ; Mustered: July 6, 1873; Discharged: July 18, 1865; Declaration filed: April 23, 1873; Basis of Claim – G. S. W. of head received at battle of Ringgold, George November 27, 1863 causing loss of hearing.

Surgeon's Certificate – Reason: Biennial, Annual or Semi-annual Examination; State: Pennsylvania; County: Carbon; Post Office: Lehighton; Date: Sept. 7, 1875; Name: Gideon Moser; Rank: Private; Unit: Co. E, 28 Regt. Pa. Vols.; Height: 5' 5"; Weight: 155; Complexion: Light; Age: 37; Pulse: 76; Respiration: 19; Examining Surgeons: N. B. Reber; Names of Disabilities: G. S. W. head; Cause of Disability: "Ball entered above right eye (3/4 of an inch) and lodged in brain above the eye. I find a cavity half in deep. Claimant state that the deafness is increasing. He appears to be very deaf. His conversation and demeanor substantiate the fact of his almost total deafness. He is entered to the above pension.; Rate Recommended: \$13 per month.

General Affidavit -- Dated 19 January 1877 of Dr. John C. Nevins, practicing physician, a resident of Schuylkill, Pennsylvania in support of the claim of Gideon Moser. It reads: "... is not only still disabled in consequences of the said injury [Gun Shot Wound to Head] but in my opinion, his disability to obtain his subsistence by manual labor has increased since his last examination September, A.D. 1875, so that it now amounts to nearly total disability; the said increase disability originating entirely from the injury or disease on account of which he was originally pensioned."

General Affidavit -- Dated 19 January 1877 of Gideon Moser a resident of Coaldale, Schuylkill, Pennsylvania in support of his claim. It reads: "... that he believed himself entitled to receive and increased pension provided for in the Pension Acts, in such cases made by Congress. He further declares that hi is disabled in the following manner, to wit: Deafness, result of gun shot wound of head, which has increased since the above pension was granted to me and has increased wonderfully since the examination in September, A.D. 1875, and the ball has not been extracted out of his head, which now gives sever pain and totally disable him for doing manual labor at such time and nearly totally disables him from manual labor on account of his deafness.

Surgeon's Certificate – Reason: Increase; State: Pennsylvania; County: Schuylkill; Post Office: Pottsville; Date: 2 April 1877; Name: Gideon Moser;

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Rank: Private; Unit: E, 28th Regiment P. V. I.; Height: 5' 5 ½" ; Weight: 154; Complexion: Fair; Age: 38; Pulse: 88; Respiration: 23; Examining Surgeons: John T. Carpenter; Names of Disabilities: G. S. W. of Head; Cause of Disability: Entrance 1 ½ inches above right eye, deep puckered cicatrix - No ????. Results: loss of hearing almost entire. Frontal neuralgia ..."; Rate Recommended: \$13 per mo.

Surgeon's Certificate – Reason: Biennial, Annual or Semi-annual Examination; State: Pennsylvania; County: Carbon; Post Office: Leighton; Date: Sept. 5, 1877; Name: Gideon Moser; Rank: Private; Unit: Co. E, 28 Regt. Pa. Vols.; Height: 5' 5"; Weight: 150; Complexion: Light; Age: 39; Pulse: 68; Respiration: 18; Examining Surgeons: N. B. Reber; Names of Disabilities: G. S. W. head, deafness; Cause of Disability: "G. S. W. Head above right eye one inch depression half in deep where ball entered & lodged causing deafness in both ears. Almost total.; Rate Recommended: \$13 per month.

General Affidavit -- Dated 17 February 1879 of Gideon Moser a resident of Coaldale, Schuylkill, Pennsylvania in support of his claim. It reads: "... hereby apply for the arrears due me, under Act granting Arrears of Pension, approved January 25th 1879, ..."

Brief for Arrears of Invalid Pension – Dated: 21 July 1897; Name: Gideon Moser; Rank: Priv.; Company: E; Regiment: 28 Pa. Vols.; P.O. Address: Coaldale; County: Schuylkill; State: Pa.; Discharged from service: July 18, 1865; Was First Pensioned From: April 23, 1873; At Rate of: \$13 per month; Arrears of Pension Rate: \$8; From: July 19, 1865 and ending April 22, 1873. \$745.07.

General Affidavit -- Dated 26 June 1882 of Gideon Moser, aged 43 years a resident of Coaldale, Schuylkill, Pennsylvania in support of his claim. It reads: "... that he believes himself entitled to receive an increased pension ... He further declares that he is disabled in the following manner, to wit: Gunshot wound of head, impairing his hearing and growing worse all the time..."

Surgeon's Certificate – Reason: Increase; State: Penna.; County: Lackawanna; Post Office: Scranton; Date: 2 Aug 1882; Name: Gideon Moser; Rank: Private; Unit: 28 Regiment of Penna. Vols.; Height: 5' 5 ½"; Weight: 150; Complexion: Light; Age: 43; Pulse: 100; Respiration: 19; Examining Surgeons: R. A. Squire, G. B. Boyd, Henry Roberts; Names of Disabilities: Deafness from gun shot wound in

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the head; Cause of Disability: Ball struck forehead 1 ½ inches directly above the pupil of the right eye, coming probably from the right oblique direction, & he states it still remains somewhere in his head. We now find a loss of bone at this point with slight depression. We also find the man is almost total deaf – a small perforation in the drum of the right ear which is the best ear. He has the cracked voice of a deaf person and a broken appearance. He states that many times in each year he has a discharge of bloody composition from his right nostril and very frequent and sever attacks of neuralgia in his head often lasting two weeks. He states he is unable to endure the heat of the sun or to do any hard work which we think may be the cause. He is a stationary Engineer. Disability 5/8 for deafness & total for pain of general disability.”; Rate Recommended: \$13 per month.

Increase Invalid Pension. Date: 24 August 1882; Soldier: Gideon Moser; P. O.: Hyde Park; County: Lackawanna; State: Pa.; Rank: Pri.; Company: E; Regiment: 28 Pa. Vol.; Rate, \$_ per month, commencing No Increase.; Disabled by: Deafness result of G. S. W. of Head.

General Affidavit -- Dated 10 October 1882 of Gideon Moser, aged 44, a resident of Scranton City, Lackawanna, Pennsylvania in support of his claim. It reads: “... That his present physical condition is such that he believes himself entitled to receive an increased pension ... That further declares that the disability upon which he claims an increased pension in not only ‘deafness result of gun shot wound in head’ but all disability resulting as the ??? of said gunshot wound of head. ...”

Surgeon’s Certificate – Reason: Increase; State: Pennsylvania; County: Wayne; Post Office: Stonesdale; Date: May 2nd, 1863; Name: Gideon Moser; Rank: Private; Unit: E, 28 Regiment Pennsylvania Vols.; Height: 5’ 4 ½”; Weight: 150; Age: 44; Temperature: 98 1/2; Pulse: 84; Respiration: 18; Examining Surgeons: C. A. Dusinger, H. G. Keefer, W. H. Cummings; Names of Disabilities: Deafness result of G. S. W. of Head, There is server pain; Cause of Disability: Small cicatrix about one inch above supra-orbital arch and on perpendicular line of outer corner of right eye. Cicatrix is adherent and depressed. There are no physical signs of increased of disability. He is quite def. Is unable to hear a watch tick.; Rate Recommended: No Increase.

Increase Invalid Pension. Date: 29 May 1883; Soldier: Gideon Moser; P. O.: Hyde Park; County: Lackawanna; State: Pa.; Rank: Pri.; Company: E; Regiment:

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28 Pa. Vol.; Rate, \$_ per month, commencing No Increase.; Disabled by: Deafness result of G. S. W. of Head.

General Affidavit -- Dated June 1885 of Clara A. Moser, age 44, a resident of Scranton, Lackawana, Pennsylvania in support of the claim of her husband Gideon Moser. It reads: "I am the wife of he said Gideon Moser and therefore interested as his wife in the said claim. The disabilities & disadvantages of my husband, Gideon Moser are to the best of my knowledge as follows, has a dull, heavy pain in his head constantly; frequently increasing to an acute pain total disabling him for the time. When this sever pain continues for a few days, his right eye becomes greatly inflamed; after which small drops of matter appear from under the eyelid & from the right nostril, is discharged bloody corruption quite profusely. He also has frequent attacks of dizziness & several times would have fallen, had he not been able to have reached something by which he could support himself. This prevents him from laboring in any elevated position from which there is any danger of falling. This dizziness comes on him more frequently when overheated, also the pain in his head increases when he is exposed to heat. He can endure the cold much better. Although a first-class Engineer (being almost entirely deaf) he would not be granted a responsible position, neither would he accept one, as he is guided alone by signals and marks which he sees. He has been sent home several times by his boss, he not considering him able to be at his work. That he cannot work, more than a day or two in succession at manual labor & then only at times when he is feeling the best. He has a great deal of pain in back of head, back of neck & in shoulders. His deafness prevents him from doing any work requiring the least particle of the sense of hearing. He attends Church because ge realizes it is the Sanctuary of God but seldom catches a sound even the signing. The pain in his head increases & he generally becomes dizzy when working in a standing position. His right eye has been failing in sight & decreasing in size for several years' past, he is never without pain in his head neither has been for the past four- or five-years pain in the ye is not so constant, but always his agreeable sensation as if something rubs, annoying it. He has never had either fit or convulsion, but after when these dizzy spells come upon him. He seems to scarcely realize for a minute or so where he is or what has happened to him. ..."

General Affidavit -- Dated 6 June 1885 of W. C. Allen, MD a resident of Scranton, Lackawanna, Pennsylvania in support of the claim of Gideon Moser. It reads: "This is to certify that I have known personally Gideon Moser, late private of Co. E. 28 Regiment Pa. Vols. and have attended his family since he has been

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living in Scrantn now nearly three years. During that time my attention has been called to his case a great many times, but I have prescribed very little for him as his case is not amenable to treatment. He is suffering from the effects of a gun shot wound of the right side of the head. The ball penetrated the skull about one inch above the super ciliary bridge passed inside of the cranium and is lodged somewhere in the brain having never been recovered. As a result, he is almost if not quite totally deaf and suffers constant pain in head, neck and shoulders. Whenever he performs any manual labor, he is overcome by dizziness which causes him to fall unless some means of stopping him is close at hand. He also has lost to a great extent the sight of the right eye which is very often inflamed, and is always painful. He is in my opinion unable to perform ordinary manual labor.

Declaration for the Increase Invalid Pension. Date: 9 June 1885; Soldier: Gideon Moser; Age: 46; Resident: Scranton City; County: Lackawanna; State: Pennsylvania; Rank: Private; Company: E; Regiment: 28th Regiment Pennsylvania Vols.; Current Rate, \$13.00 per month; Disabled by: Deafness result of gunshot wound of head.; Reason: That he believes himself entitled to an increase of pension on account of "Almost if not quite total deafness and the further disability for which no pension has been allowed, as a result of the said gunshot wound of the head, viz; Loss of sight to a great extent of the right eye, constant pain in head, neck, and shoulders and Dizziness which manual labor brings on and causes him to fall unless some means of supporting himself is close at hand. The ball which caused the wound is lodged somewhere in his brain having never been removed and as the ???, in addition to that named, he is more easily overcome by heat and affected by dizziness by stooping over. Thereby reason of these disabilities he is ??? for performing ordinary manual labor.

Surgeon's Certificate – Reason: Increase; State: Pa.; County: Lackawanna; Post Office: Scranton; Date: 16 Sept. 1885; Name: Gideon Moser; Rank: Private; Unit: E, 28 Pa.; Height: 5' 4 ½"; Weight: 153; Age: 47; Temperature: Norm.; Pulse: 90; Respiration: 18; Examining Surgeons: H. C. ????, G. B. Boyd, ? G. ????. Names of Disabilities: G. S. W. of head, deafness & loss of sight of right eye, pains in head, neck & shoulders & dizziness. Ball is still in brain.; Cause of Disability: Ball ??? frontal bone 1 ¼ inches above center of right brow, at this point there is some loss of bone, a deep (1/2 inch) depression for a circumference of half a dollar, ball is said to remain still in the head. W'd ??? large enough to admit ball ..."; Rating for each cause of Disability: From the existing conditions and the history of this claimant, as stated by himself, it is, in our judgement, _ probable that the disability

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was incurred in the service as he claims, and that it has not been aggravated or prolonged by vicious habits. He is, in our opinion, entitled to 12/18 rating for the disability caused by G. S. W. of head, specific for the caused deafness of both ears, and same for that caused by loss of sight the sum of which aggregates 12/18.

Increase Invalid Pension. Date: 19 October 1885; Soldier: Gideon Moser; P. O.: 1402 Lafayette St., Scranton; County: ; State: Pa.; Rank: Pvt.; Company: E; Regiment: 28 Pa. Vols.; Rate, \$16.00 per month, commencing September 16, 1885; Disabled by: GSW of head resulting total deafness of both ears.

Increase Invalid Pension. Date: 31 January 1889; Soldier: Gideon Moser; P. O.: Scranton; County: Lackawanna; State: Penn.; Rank: Prvt.; Company: E; Regiment: 28 Pa. Vol. Inf.; Rate, \$30 per month, commencing August 27, 1888 and \$27 per month, commencing April 17, 1889.; Disabled by: Deafness of both ears. G.S.W. of head and resulting total deafness.

Application for Re-Rating and Increase of Pension. Date: 19 February 1889; Soldier: Gideon Moser; Age: 50; Resident: ; County: Lacka.; State: Penna.; Rank: Private; Company: E; Regiment: 28th Regiment of Penna. Vols.; Current Rate, \$16 per month; Disabled by: Gun-shot wound of head and resulting total deafness of both ears.; Reason: That he believes himself entitled to an increase of pension on account of his rate being unjustly low and disproportionate to the degree of his disability and the results of service.; NOTE: Witnessed by Lewis Moser, his brother.

Surgeon's Certificate – Reason: Increase; State: Pennsylvania; County: ; Post Office: Scranton; Date: Apr 17, 1889; Name: Gideon Moser; Rank: Pvt.; Unit: E, 28 Reg't. Pa. Infy.; Height: 5' 5"; Weight: 158; Age: 50; Temperature: 98 2/5; Pulse: 76; Respiration: 18; Examining Surgeons: E. A. Disinberre, H. G. Keefer, ???; Names of Disabilities: Is unable when in any ordinary circumstances it is very difficult to understand strangers and only hears when spoken to in a loud voice and putting his hand to ear and close to speaker. Eye sight is failing whether from age or as a result of wound. The ball has never been removed.; Rating for each cause of Disability: From the existing conditions and the history of this claimant, as stated by himself, it is, in our judgement, _ probable that the disability was incurred in the service as he claims, and that it has not been aggravated or prolonged by vicious habits. He is, in our opinion, entitled to 12/18 rating for the

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disability caused by near total deafness of both ears, _ for the caused _, and _ for that caused by _ the sum of which aggregates _.

Circular from Department of the Interior, Pension Office requested Marriage and Living Children Information. Dated 15 January 1898. Sent to: _Gideon Moser.; First. Are you married? If so, please state your wife's full name and her maiden name. Answer: Yes. Clara Arletta Tiffany; Second. When, where and by whom were you married? Answer: 24th day of October 1871 [1870], St. Nicholas [Nicholson], Wyoming Co., Pa. by the Rev. William H. Sruuss [Strauss] of Lehigh, Carbon County, Pa.; Third. What record of marriage exists? Answer: Marriage certificate in our possession & witnesses.; Fourth. Were you previously married? If so, please state the name of your former wife and the date and place of her death or divorce. Answer: No; Fifth: Have you any children living? If so, please state their names and the dates of their birth. Answer: Yes, One. Wallace Gideon Moser, Born 21st day of January 1875.; Date of Reply: 4 May 1898

Declaration for the Increase Invalid Pension. Date: 15 March 1904; Soldier: Gideon Moser; Age: 65; Resident: ; County: Lacka.; State: Pennsylvania; Rank: Corporal; Company: E; Regiment: 28 Regiment of Penna. Vols.; Current Rate, \$27.00 per month; Disabled by: Deafness caused by gunshot wound of head resulting in almost total deafness of both ears.; Reason: That he believes himself entitled to an increase of pension on account of his rate now being unjustly low and insufficient for his present degree of disability.

General Affidavit -- Dated 28 April 1904 of Geo. B. Beach, M.D. a resident of Lacka., Penna. in support of the claim of Gideon Moser. It reads: "That I have known Gideon Moser for the past 10 years and during that time he has been almost totally deaf in one ear and totally deaf in the other ear and that he cannot and does not perform any manual labor, and that the aforesaid deafness and physical incapacity is the result of a gunshot wound of the head."

Declaration for the Increase Invalid Pension. Date: 26 March 1908; Soldier: Gideon Moser; Age: 70; Resident: 1402 Lafayette Street, Scranton; County: Lackawanna; State: Pennsylvania; Rank: Corporal; Company: E; Regiment: 28 Regiment of Pa. Vols.; Current Rate, \$27.00 per month; Disabled by: deafness caused by gunshot wound of head resulting in almost total deafness both ears.; Reason: That he believes himself entitled to an increase of pension on account of and as a result of above he is totally disabled for performing manual labor.

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General Affidavit -- Dated 26 March 1908 of Doctor Herman Bessey, a resident of Scranton, Lackawanna, Pennsylvania in support of the claim of Gideon Moser. It reads: "This is to certify that I have this day and ate examined Gideon Moser, of 1402 Lafayette St., Scranton, Pa. He was a soldier of the Civil War; a member of Co. E, 28th Reg., Pa., Inf. Vol. Upon examination I find that Mr. Moser is totally deaf in his left ear and cannot hear out of his right ear without an ear trumpet. There is on the right temple about one and one-half inches above the right eye evidence of a gun shot wound. The claimant alleges that he received the wound at Ringgold, Georgia on the 27th day of Nov., 1863. The bullet was never extracted, since the bullet wound, deafness began and has gradually increased so that he is now practically deaf. He also suffers from vertigo, at times he reels, and staggers Like a drunken man and frequently falls to the pavement. He also suffers from Rheumatism of the shoulders and lower limbs, there is crepitus and limitation of motion over the right shoulder joint equal to one half. Claimant has not been able to do any work since the 15th day of 7 February, 1908, His general nutrition is poor. His muscles are soft and flabby; his skin dry and harsh, his hands show no evidence of manual labor. By reason of the above disabilities the claimant is total disabled to earn his living by manual labor."

Increase Invalid Pension. Date: 14 April 1908; Soldier: Gideon Moser; P. O.: 1402 Lafayette Street, Scranton; County: Lackawanna; State: Pennsylvania; Rank: Private; Company: E; Regiment: 28 Pa. Vol. Inf.; Rate, \$_ per month, commencing _; Disabled by: The evidence does not warrant a medical examination as it fails to show the existence of total deafness or that the claimant is totally incapacitated for the performance of manual labor by reason of gun shot wound of head alone.

Letter from Mrs. Gideon Moser to Commissioner of Pension, Washington, D.C., dated 27 May 1909. It reads as follows: "Dear Sir, The claim of Gideon Moser for an increase of pension has been returned as unsatisfactory because of statements regarding some ailments not traceable directly to his wound. This, however did not refer to his deafness. This claim is made on the ground that he is now receiving \$27 per month which is the amt. received for partial deafness, while to all practical purposes he is totally deaf, along whatever line you may choose to list him and he believes he should be so rated and the \$13 per mo. increase. Many practicing physicians who have examined him positively assert that the deafness which now renders him incompetent to enter any employment by which he can earn a livelihood is caused by the gunshot wound he received in the battle of

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Ringgold, Ga., Nov. 27, 63. The ball entered his head a little above the right temple. Spent force failing to carry it through the head, it was embedded somewhere inside the skull, where it still remains. He suffers from pain in the head, and is often overcome by dizziness. As the pain in head is almost incessant in a greater or less degree, it presumably is caused by gunshot wound. Doctors say it is. I do not know. He is a total abstainer from intoxicants and tobacco. Fifteen months ago, his employers for whom he had worked 26 years thought the danger too great to himself and others, because of his deafness, to permit him longer to continue in their employ. Plenty of work he could do, but alas! He can not hear and is turned away. Our income is meager. Nevertheless, we are not begging, only asking for that which is given in exchange for that which deprives him not only of the ability of earning and independent living, but of social enjoyment. He is, as it were socially ostracized. He can see, but not hear. This was painful illustrated but yesterday, when with other veterans he was detailed to visit the schools of this city, as is customary at this season. He went as a living example of the sad effects of the Civil War. He appeared like one dumb. When a joke was made, he was unmoved, not having heard a sound. But sat, with only his own sad thoughts for company. His record as a soldier is a perfect one, as the records show. Quoted from 28th Reg't, Pa. Vols, Company E. 'Corporal, Gideon Moser. Enlisted in 1861. Re-enlisted in 1863. Promoted to Corporal, Jan 1, 1864. Served to end of war. Severely wounded at battle of Ringgold, Ga. Nov. 27, 1864.'" His pension certificate is No. 130,137. Trusting you will give this due attention and awaiting your reply for further instructions. I am, Respectfully, Mrs. Gideon Moser, wife of claimant, Gideon Moser, 1402 Layette St., Scranton, Pa. We were married Oct 24, 1870. For the truth of the above statements I can refer you to such men as Col. Hitchcock, Col. Ripple, Capt. De Lacey, Wm. Simpson and others of this city.

Letter from Eastern Div. Pension Bureau to Mrs. Gideon Moser, dated 11 June 1909. It reads as follows: "Madam, In response to your communication of May 27th 1909 received on the 29th relative to your husbands right to an increase of his pension, you are advised that the \$27 per month which he is now receiving was allowed him for gun shot wound of head and resulting nearly total deafness of both ears. He filed a claim for an increase of the pension on April 3rd 1908 but as there was no evidence in the case tending to show that he was totally and permanently deaf and order for a medical examination was not warranted and further action will not be taken in the claim unless he should furnish medical evidence showing that he is totally deaf or that by reason of his gun shot wound of head and results he is

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wholly unable to perform any manual labor. Claimant was advised of the status of his case as late as April 20, 1908.

Letter from Wallace G. Moser to J. L. Davenport, Esq., Acting Commission of Pensions, Washington, D.C., dated 22 June 1909. It reads as follows: “Dear Sir, Accompanying this are certain affidavits, etc. concerning my father’s pension. I wish on his behalf to make a request for an order that he may appear before the Board of Pension Commissioners in this city for official examination as to the condition of his hearing. We shall abide their decision. You will pardon me if I suggest that my father ‘s record of four years’ service, the fact that he refused an honorable discharge after receiving the bullet wound in his head, that he returned to serve out his time of his second enlistment, which was till the close of the war, that he did serve it out, that his hearing is gone, and deafness has made it impossible for him to work for nearly a year and a half (this because of the wound), that he is almost continually in physical pain, and has nearly ended his time here – may I suggest without offense that these things ought to win for him the granting of the request. Trusting that you may so consider them, I remain in father’s behalf, Yours Very truly, Wallace G. Moser.”

Letter from Dr. Herman Bessey of Scranton, Pa. to Hon. J. L. Davenport, Acting Commissioner of Pensions, Washington, DC., dated 22 June 1909. It reads as follows: “Dear Sir, I have this date examined Mr. Gideon Moser of No. 1402 Lafayette St., Scranton, Pa. Mr. Moser was a member of Co. E, 28th Pa. Vol. Inf. I find evidence of a gunshot wound nearly two inches above the right eye. The claimant states that he was wounded at Ringgold, Ga., on the 27th of Nov., 1864. By reason of said wound he is totally deaf in his left ear and can only hear through his right ear by means of an ear trumpet, provided if the conversation is quite loud. He has frequent attacks of vertigo, by reason of this injury in which he has to exercise great care lest he falls down stairs, or on the pavement. He has not been able to do any work, for nearly 18 months and by reason of his gun shot wound of head and results, he is wholly unable to perform and manual labor. ...”

Declaration for the Increase Invalid Pension. Date: 22 June 1909; Soldier: Gideon Moser; Age: 70; Resident: Scranton; County: Lackawanna; State: Pennsylvania; Rank: Corporal; Company: E; Regiment: 28th Reg’t of Pa. Vol. Inf.; Current Rate, \$27.00 per month; Disabled by: Gunshot wound of the head and resulting deafness.

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Reason: That he believes himself entitled to an increase of pension on account of gunshot wound of the head and resulting deafness. I was severely wounded in the battle of Ringgold, Ga. On the 27th of Nov., 1864. The ball entered one- and one-half inches above the right eye and was never extracted after repeated efforts of probing for it by the Army Surgeons. The left ear is permanently deaf, and I can only hear out of my right one by means of an ear trumpet if the party talk loud. I have not done any work for nearly 18 months. I have attacks of vertigo frequently and fall down stairs or upon the street.

Increase Invalid Pension. Date: 29 June 1909; Soldier: Gideon Moser; 1402 Lafayette Street, Scranton; County: Lackawanna; State: Pennsylvania; Rank: Private; Company: E; Regiment: 28 Pa. Vol. Inf.; Rate, \$_ per month, commencing _; Disabled by: The evidence does not warrant a medical examination as it fails to show the pensioner is totally deaf of that he is totally incapacitated from the performance of manual labor by reason of gunshot wound of head. (The evidence shows ability to hear with the right ear).

Declaration for Pension. Act of May 11, 1912. Name: Gideon Moser; Age: 73; State: Pennsylvania; County: Lackawanna; Post Office: Scranton; Date: 21 May 1912; Enrolled Place: Philadelphia, Pa.; Enrolled Name: Gideon Moser; Enrolled Date: 25 June 1861; Rank: Private; Company: E; Regiment: 28th Regiment Penna. Vol.; Discharge Place: Wauhachie, Tenn.; Discharge Date: 26 December 1863; Also Served: Corporal, Company E, 28th Reg. Penna. Volunteers, enrolled on the 24th of Dec 1863, Discharged July 18th 1865 at near Alexandra, Virginia; Height: 5' 4 ½"; Complexion: Light; Eyes: Grey; Hair: Sandy; Occupation: Engineer; Born Date: September 1st, 1838; Born Place: Lehigh County, Pennsylvania; Lived Since Leaving Service: Coaldale, Schuylkill County. Scranton since 1882.

Letter from Department of the Interior, Pension Office to Gideon Moser, dated 7 January 1913, stating: "Sir: In your above entitled claim for pension you are advised that your age and length of service entitled you to \$25 per month under the Act of May 11, 1912, but the adjudication of your claim under said act, filed May 28, 1912, would be of no benefit for the reason that you are now pensioned under the general law at \$27 per month, and deafness, your only disability of service origin, cannot be accepted as disabling you for manual labor as contemplated by said Act. If your deafness has increased in severity since your last medical examination, it may be to your benefit to file a claim for increase under the general law. ..."

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Declaration for Pension. Act of May 11, 1912. Name: Gideon Moser; Age: 75; State: Pennsylvania; County: Lackawanna; Post Office: Scranton; Date: 3 September 1913; Enrolled Place: Philadelphia, Pa.; Enrolled Name: Gideon Moser; Enrolled Date: 25 June 1861; Rank: Private; Company: E; Regiment: 28th Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry; Discharge Place: Alexandria, Va.; Discharge Date: 18 July 1865; Height: 5' 4 ½"; Complexion: Light; Eyes: Gray; Hair: Sandy; Occupation: Engineer; Born Date: September 1, 1838; Born Place: Lehigh County, Pennsylvania; Lived Since Leaving Service: Coaldale, Schuylkill County Pennsylvania 17 years. The remaining years at Scranton, Penns.

Letter from Department of the Interior, Pension Office to Gideon Moser, dated 27 Oct 1913, asking: "Dear Sir: Your claim for pension under the act of May 11, 1912, in which you allege that you are 75 years of age, and that you were born Sept. 1, 1838, requires proof of the date of your birth. ..."

General Affidavit -- Dated 30 Oct 1913 of Gideon Moser a resident of Lackawanna, Pennsylvania in answer to the Letter from Department of the Interior, Pension Office to Gideon Moser, dated 27 Oct 1913. It reads: "... There is no public or Church record of my birth that I know of, neither is there a family Bible or any other family record , that I can furnish at this time. ..."

Increase Invalid Pension. Act of May 11, 1912. Date: 2 November 1913; Soldier: Gideon Moser; P. O.: Scranton; County: Lackawanna; State: Pennsylvania; Rank: Private; Company: E; Regiment: 28 Pa. Inf.; Rate, \$25.00 per month, commencing May 28, 1912 and \$30.00 from September 1, 1913. Deduct \$25 per month from May 28, 1912 to August 31, 1913 inclusive full payments thereafter.; Prior Rate: \$27.00 per month, under general law

Letter from A. O. Ebert, Pastor, The New Tripoli Parish to whom it may concern, dated 13 Nov, 1913. It reads as follows: "This is to certify that at the stated time, the following items were taken from Ebenezer Church Record of the Ebenezer Church, New Tripoli, Pa.: Gideon a son of Burkhart Moser and his wife Rebecca, was born Sept. 1, 1838, Sponsors, Daniel Wertman and his wife. ..."

Letter from Gideon Moser to G. M. Saltzgaber, Commissioner of Pension, Washington, D.C., dated Dec. 1, 1913. It reads as follows: "Dear Sir: Enclosed please find records of my birth as recorded on the records of the church where my

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parents – long since dead – were members at the time. When you requested this as evidence of my birth date I did not suppose these records were in existence but here since learned that our church records were never destroyed but always kept intact. Getting in communication with the present pastor of said church I have succeeded in getting the enclosed affidavit. ...”

Letter from Department of the Interior, Pension Office to Hon. John R. Farr, House of Representatives, dated February 7, 1914, stating: “... In response to your inquiry of the 30th ultimo, relative to the pension case ... of Gideon Moser ... I have the honor to advise you that soldier is now pensioned at \$30 per month under the act of May 11, 1912, the maximum rate to which he would be entitled under said act. ...”

Letter from Warren G. Moser to G. M. Saltzgaber, Esq., Commissioner of Pensions, Washington, D. C., dated January 8, 1915. It reads as follows: “Dear Sir: Beg to advise you that Gideon Moser ... died Saturday, January 2, 1915. If there is affidavit or proof of facts required by the pension department kindly forward me forms for the same. The pension due for the months of November and December, 1914, is unpaid. It seems to be a mooted question whether or not the surviving widow is entitled to the unpaid pension from the time of last payment unto the date of death. Will you advise me as to the practice of the department in respect thereto. ...”

Declaration for Widow’s Pension. Name: Clara A. Moser; Age: 74; State: Pennsylvania; County: Lackawanna; Post Office: Dalton; Date: 13 January 1915; Widow Of: Gideon Moser; Soldier Enrolled Place: Mauch Chunk, Pa.; Soldier Enrolled Name: Gideon Moser; Soldier Enrolled Date: 25 June 1861; Soldier Rank: Private; Soldier Company: E; Soldier Regiment: 28th Penna. Volunteer Infantry; Soldier Discharge Date: 18 July 1863; Soldier Also Served: As Corporal in the same company and regiment during part of the time of service.; Marriage Under Name Of: Clara A. Tiffany; Marriage Place: Nicholson, Penna.; Marriage Date: 24 October 1870; Marriage By: Rev. William H. Strauss; Soldier Died Date: 2 January 1915; Soldier Died Place: Dalton, Lackawanna, Penna.; Children Under 16: No.

Letter from Department of the Interior, Pension Office to Wallace G. Moser, dated 15 January 1915, stating: “Sir: Replying to your letter of the 8th instant, in the case of Gideon Moser, certificate number 130,137, you are informed that the

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pension accrue1 from the date to which payment was last made to the date of his death, inclusive, is not an asset of the estate nor liable for the payment of any debts against the estate, but inures to the sole and exclusive benefit of the widow without regard to the date of her marriage or financial condition, and the same is payable to her upon the receipt of formal application therefor and proof of legal widowhood. A blank form upon which to present a claim for the accrued pension in behalf of the widow is herewith enclosed. If the widow was married to the soldier prior to June 27, 1890, she may have title to pension under the Act of April 19, 1903, and a blank form of application thereunder is also enclosed. Should this blank be executed, the one for the accrued pension need not be, as the question of the widow's title thereto will be considered in connection with her claim for original pension.

Drop Report – Pensioner. Name: Gideon Moser; Address: Dalton, Penna.; Finance Division: Dated: January 15, 1915; I have the honor to report that the name of the above described pensioner who was last paid at the rate of \$30 per month to Nov 4, 1914, has this day been dropped from the roll because of death Jan 2, 1915.

Letter from Warren G. Moser to G. M. Saltzgaber, Esq., Commissioner of Pensions, Department of the Interior, Washington, D. C., dated 16 January 1915. It reads as follows: "... I forwarded to you on the 14th inst. Widow's application for pension, signed by Clara A. Moser, widow of Gideon Moser and I assume under the advice contained in yours of the 15th that that application will be sufficient to obtain for her the payment of the accrued pension to the time of the death of the decedent. ..."

Letter from Department of the Interior, Pension Office to Clara A. Moser, dated March 5, 1915, stating: "Madam: Your above entitled claim for pension requires a certified copy of the public record of the soldier's death and of your marriage to him; or if such record does not exist, you should so state under oath, and furnish the sworn testimony of the attending physician, or of persons present, showing the date of soldier's death; and the sworn testimony of persons present, showing the date of your marriage to him. There is also required the sworn testimony of credible witnesses who knew you and the soldier from the time you each attained a marriageable age, showing whether either had been married prior to the date of your marriage to each other, and if so, how and when such marriage or marriages terminated; also the sworn testimony of credible witnesses having

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requisite personal knowledge, showing whether you lived together, without separation or divorce, from the date of your marriage to the date of his death. All witnesses should state their ages, post-office addresses, and means of knowledge of the fact to which they testify. ...”

General Affidavit -- Dated 13 March 1915 of A. Wesley Stephens a resident of Nicholson, Wyoming, Pennsylvania in support of the claim of Clara A. Moser. It reads: “First, that he has known Clara A. Moser from before the time she was of marriageable age up to the present time. Second, that the said Clara A. Moser was married to Gideon Moser in the Borough of Nicholson, Wyoming County aforesaid, by Rev. W. H. Strauss on the 24th day of October, 1870, and that he was present at the said marriage. Third, that neither the said Clara A. Wertman, or the said Gideon Moser has ever been married before that time, and that from the time and that from said 24th day of October 1870, they, the said Clara A. Moser and Gideon Moser, lived together as man and wife, and were known and reputed so to be , until the day of the death of said Gideon Moser, to wit, on the 2nd day of January 1915. Fourth, that the affiant is a brother in law of the said Clara A. Moser, and that he, the said affiant, is of the age of 68 years, and resides in the Bourgh of Nicolson, Wyoming County, aforesaid.”

General Affidavit -- Dated 13 March 1915 of David W. Moser a resident of North Everett Avenue, Scranton, Lackawanna, Pennsylvania in support of the claim of Clara A. Moser. It reads: “First, He is of the age of 80 years, and resides on North Everett Avenue, the City of Scranton, aforesaid; Second, that he a surviving brother of Gideon Moser, late of the Borough of Dalton, Lackawanna County aforesaid, and as such had personal knowledge of the facts hereinafter set forth; Third, that the Gideon Moser and Clara A. Moser, his wife, were lawfully married by Rev. W. H. Strauss at Nicholson Borough, State of Pennsylvania, on the 24th day of October, 1870, and that he was present thereat; Fourth, that he has known the Gideon Moser since before the time he came of marriageable age, and that he was married before his marriage to the said Clara A. Moser; Fifth, that the said Gideon Moser and Clara A. Moser lived as man and wife, and were reputed and known so to be from the said 24th day of October 1870, until the date of the death of the said Gideon Moser, to wit, January 2nd 1915.

General Affidavit -- Dated 15 March 1915 of Kate A. Wheatstone a resident of Scranton, Lackawanna, Pennsylvania in support of the claim of Clara A. Moser. It reads: “First, That she resides in the City of Scranton, County of Lackawanna, and

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the State of Pennsylvania, and that she of the age of 69 years. Second, That she has known Gideon Moser during his lifetime and especially prior to the time he came of marriageable age; Third, That the said Gideon Moser was married to Clara A. Tiffany, now Clara A. Moser, at Nicholson, Wyoming County, Pennsylvania, on the 24th day of October, 1870 and that the said Gideon Moser was never married before that time. Fourth, That from and after the marriage as aforesaid the said Gideon Moser and Clara A. Moser lived together as man and wife, and were known and reputed so to be, until the day of the death of said Gideon Moser, to wit, January 2nd, 1915. Fifth; That the means of knowledge of this affiant is that she is a sister of the said Gideon Moser; ...”

General Affidavit -- Dated 15 March 1915 of S. LeRoy Tiffany a resident of Nicholson, Wyoming, Pennsylvania in support of the claim of Clara A. Moser. It reads: “First, That he has known Clara A. Moser all her lifetime; Second, That the said Clara A. Moser was married to Gideon Moser at Nicholson, Wyoming County aforesaid, by Rev. W. H. Strauss, on the 24th day of October, 1870, and that he, the said S. LeRoy Tiffany, was present at her marriage at the time and place aforesaid; Third, That neither the said Clara A. Moser nor the said Gideon Moser had ever been married before that time, and that from the said 24th day of October, 1870, they, the said Clara A. Moser and the said Gideon Moser, lived together as man and wife, and were known and reputed so to be, until the day of the death of the said Gideon Moser, to wit, on the 2nd day of January 1915. Fourth: That the affiant is a brother of the said Clara A. Moser, and that he, the said affiant is 79 years of age, that he resides in the Borough of Nicolson, Wyoming County, aforesaid, and that he has no interest in the prosecution of this claim. ...”

General Affidavit -- Dated 16 March 1915 of Clara A. Moser in support of her claim. It reads: “... says that to the best of her knowledge and belief no public record was ever made of the marriage to her, the said Clara A. Moser, to Gideon Moser, deceased; that the certificate of marriage filled out at the time and Executed by William H. Strauss, the clergyman performing the marriage, has been lost, and although she has made diligent search therefor has been unable to find it, for which reason proof of marriage by public record or the production of the marriage certificate is impossible.

General Affidavit -- Dated 20 March 1915 of H. C. Baldwin, M. D. a resident of Dalton, Lackawanna, Pennsylvania in support of the claim of Clara A. Moser. It reads: “... say that he is a practicing physician in the said Bourgh of Dalton; that

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some time in the month of December, 1913, he was called to attend Gideon Moser in the said Bourgh, that he attended the same Gideon Moser at his place of residence in the said Bourgh of Dalton during the year 1914, and up to and including the 2nd day of January, 1915; that he was the attending physician on the said Gideon Moser during the last sickness of the said Gideon Moser; that the said Gideon Moser died on the 2nd day of January, 1915, that the cause of the death of the said Gideon Moser was Bright Disease of his kidneys complicated with Prostrate hypotrophy and cardiac dilatation.

Letter from Wallace G. Moser to G. M. Saltzgaber, Esq., Commissioner of Pensions, Washington, D. C., dated 26 March 1916. It reads as follows: "Dear Sir:- Enclosed find affidavits of David W. Moser and Kate Wheatstone, setting forth that they knew Gideon Moser prior to his becoming of marriageable age, etc.; of S. Leroy Tiffany and A. W. Stephens, setting forth the facts that they knew the said Clara A. Moser prior to her coming of marriageable age, and the fact of marriage, and other facts required in your of the 5th inst. Addressed to Mrs. Clara A. Moser, my mother. Also find enclosed affidavit of Clara A. Moser to the fact that the marriage certificate is lost and diligent search has failed to find it, and the further affidavit of Dr. H. O. Baldwin who attended Gideon Moser during his last sickness and at the time ..."

Accrued Pension. Act of March 2, 1895. Claimant Name: Clara A Moser, Widow; Claimant Address: Dalton, Lackawanna, Pennsylvania; Date: Apr. 7, 1915; Pensioner: Gideon Moser; Approved for: Pay widow as above. [nothing listed, appears to be \$12 per month]

Letter from Department of the Interior, Pension Office to Clara A. Moser, dated 8 September 1916, stating: "Madam: The first section of the Act of Congress, approved by the President September 6, 1916, reads as follows: That from and after the passage of this Act the rate of pension for a widow, now on the roll or hereafter to be placed on the pension roll and entitled to receive a less rate than hereinafter provided, who was the lawful wife of any officer or enlisted man in the Army, Navy, or Marine Corps of the United States, during the period of his service in the Civil War, shall be twenty dollars per month, and the rate of pension for a widow of an officer or enlisted man of the Army, Navy, or Marine Corps of the United States who served in the Civil War, the War with Mexico, or the War of 1812, now on the roll or hereafter to be placed on the pension roll and entitled to receive a less rate than hereafter provided, who has reached or shall hereafter reach

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the age of seventy years, shall be twenty dollars per month; If you are pensioned as the widow of a soldier, sailor, or marine, served in the Civil War, the War with Mexico, or the War of 1812, and, if you have reached the age of seventy years, you should fill out the blank on the back of this communication and return same to the Commissioner of Pensions, Washington, D. C., being careful to state correctly your pension certificate number, the name and service of the soldier, sailor, or marine, the exact date of your birth, the place of your birth, your name as it appears in your pension certificate, and your present post office address, in full. If the evidence in your pension can't show that you are entitled to the increase of pension provided by this legislation, the Bureau will, as soon as possible, grant the increase. If further evidence be necessary, a call for same will issue. No claim agent or attorney will be recognized in connection with this matter.

Return of Form Requested in 8 September 2916 Letter from Pension Office from Clara A. Moser, Post Office Address 827 Columbia St., Scranton dated 16 September 1916.; Name of Soldier: Gideon Moser; Service of Soldier: Private and Corporal, Co. E., 28 Reg. Pa. Inf.; Relationship: Married to the above named, Oct 20, 1870; Age: 75; Born: Nov. 21 1848; Place: Harford, Susq. [Susquehanna] Co, Pa.

Widows Pension. Act of April 19, 1908. Date: 14 October 1916; Claimant: Clara A. Moser; P. O.: Dalton; County: Lackawanna; State: Pennsylvania; Soldier: Gideon Moser; Rank: Private & Corporal; Company: E; Regiment: 28 Pennsylvania Inf.; Current Rate: \$12 per month, commencing January 15, 1915; Rate, \$20 per month, commencing Sept. 8, 1916

Letter from Wallace G. Moser to Bureau of Pensions, Department of Interior, Washington, D. C., dated 15 September 1992. It reads as follows: "Enclosed herewith is the pension certificate No. 788629 issued to Clara A. Moser. Mrs. Moser was my mother and died on Monday, September 11, and I am returning the certificate to you herewith that your records may be perfected accordingly. Her pension check for \$30.00 for the month of August arrived the week preceding her death and was signed by her mark, duly witnessed by the nurse in attendance and by my wife, and deposited in the Green Ridge Bank to the credit of my mother. Trusting that the last pension check was properly appropriated and that this certificate gives you the date necessary for your record, I am ..."

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Letter from Department of the Interior, Pension Office to the Postmaster, Scranton, Pa., dated 7 October 1922, asking: "Dear Sir: A letter containing a pension check addressed to Clara A. Moser, 629 N. Brownley Ave., Certificate Number 788629 was mailed in time to reach your office on or about Oct 4 1922. Since the mailing of that check I have been informed that the pension is dead. Please return that letter and this one to me at once. ..."

Drop Report – Pensioner. Name: Clara A. Moser; Address: Scranton, Pa.; Disbursing Division. Dated: 9 Oct 1922; Check No.: 5282483; Rate: \$30.00; Dated: Oct 4 1922; Section: 5 returned by postmaster with information that the above described pensioner died _, has been canceled.; Finance Division: Dated: Sept. 22, 1922; The name of the above described pensioner who was last paid at the rate of \$30 per month to Sep 4 1922, has this day been dropped from the roll because of death.

OTHER DOCUMENTS NOT IN THE ARCHIVES OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

1850 United States Federal Census

Name: Gideon Moser; Age: 12; Birth Year: abt 1838; Birthplace: Pennsylvania; Home in 1850: Mauch Chunk, Carbon, Pennsylvania, USA; Gender: Male; Family Number: 75; Household Members: Name Age; Barclay Moser 50, Pennsylvania; Rebecca Moser 43, Pennsylvania; William Moser 22, Pennsylvania; Joseph Moser 20, Pennsylvania; Abraham Moser 18, Pennsylvania; Elias Moser 16, Pennsylvania; David Moser 14, Pennsylvania; Gideon Moser 12, Pennsylvania; Aaron Moser 10, Pennsylvania; Lewis Moser 3, Pennsylvania; Catharine Moser 5, Pennsylvania; Polly Moser 1, Pennsylvania

1860 United States Federal Census

Name: Gedeon Moser; Age: 21; Birth Year: abt 1839; Gender: Male; Home in 1860: Mauch Chunk, Carbon, Pennsylvania; Post Office: Summit Hill; Dwelling Number: 1816; Family Number: 390; Occupation: Engineer; Household Members: Name Age; Danl Christman 38; Caroline Christman 38; Sarah Christman 18; Gedeon Moser 21

The Philadelphia Inquirer, Tuesday, May 19, 1863

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Casualties in the Twenty-Eight Pennsylvania. List of killed, wounded and missing, Twenty-eighth Pennsylvania Volunteers in battles of 2d and 3d of May, 1863 – Under Wounded is listed: Gideon Moser, E.

U.S., Civil War Draft Registrations Records, 1863-1865

Name: Gideon Moser; Military Service – Entered Service: July, 1861; Capacity: Private; Reg't & Comp.: 28, E; Birth Year: abt 1843; Age on 1 July 1863: 24; Residence: Rahn, Pennsylvania; Congressional District: 14th; Class: All

The Philadelphia Inquirer, Wednesday Morning, December 12, 1894

The Great Rebellion. Reprinted from the Inquirer of Thirty Five Years Ago – From the Inquirer of Friday, Dec. 11, 1863. Complete list of killed and wounded Pennsylvanians in General Geary's Division (second) of the Twelfth Corps in the battle of Lookout Mountain, Missionary Ridge, and Ringgold, Ga.: Under List of Men Wounded – Gideon Moser, E, 28th Pennsylvania, side.

Gideon Moser in the Pennsylvania, Civil War Muster Rolls, 1860-1869

Name: Gideon Moser; Gender: Male; Age: 27; Birth Year: abt 1836; Enlistment Date: 24 Dec 1863; Enlistment Place: Wauhatchie, Pennsylvania [Tennessee], USA; Muster Date: 27 Dec 1863; Muster Place: Wauhatchie, Tennessee, USA; Rank: Corporal; Unit Type: Infantry; Regiment: 28th Pennsylvania; Company: E; Amount for clothing in kind, or in money advanced since last settlement: \$33.02; Bounty Paid: \$210, Due: \$190; Notes: A Veteran Volunteer Promoted from Prv to Corporal Jan 1st /64. Severely wounded at the Battle of Ringgold Ga Nov 27th 1863. Stop for Springfield Rifle & a.c., per cir no 24 ... \$6,00.

Gideon Moser in the U.S. Civil War Soldiers, 1861-1865

Name: Gideon Moser; Side: Union; Regiment State/Origin: Pennsylvania; Regiment: 28th Regiment, Pennsylvania Infantry; Company: E; Rank In: Private; Rank Out: Corporal; Film Number: M554 roll 88

Gideon Moser in the U.S., Civil War Soldier Records and Profiles, 1861-1865

Name: Gideon Moser; Residence: ; Enlistment Date: 6 Jul 1861; Rank at enlistment: Private; State Served: Pennsylvania; Was Wounded?: Yes; Survived the War?: Yes; Service Record: Enlisted in Company E, Pennsylvania 28th Infantry Regiment on 06 Jul 1861.Promoted to Full Corporal on 01 Jan 1864.Mustered out on 18 Jul 1865 at Washington, DC.; Sources: History of Pennsylvania Volunteers, 1861-1865

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Pennsylvania State Archives, Civil War Veterans' Card File, 1861-1866

Moser, Gideon; E-28 I; Enrolled: 6-25-61 at Mauch Chunk; M. I.: 7-6-61 as Pvt. At Phila. Pa.; M. C. 7-18-65; Age at Enrollment: 22; Remarks: Wd. Battle Ringgold, Ga. 11-27-63. Prom. From Pvt. To Corp. 1-1-64 Vet. Vols. Re-enlisted (over) 12-24-63 at Wauhatchie, Tenn.

The Pennsylvania Civil War Project/Pennsylvanians in the Civil War

by Steve Maczuga, Population Research Institute at Penn State. This Pennsylvania Civil War Project uses the book: History of Pennsylvania Volunteers, 1861-5; prepared in compliance with acts of the legislature by Samuel P. Bates., Bates, Samuel P. (Samuel Penniman), 1827-1902. The data from the Bates book is entered into an Excel Spreadsheet, Saved to CSV and then converted via Mozilla Firefox to a SQLite database.

Corporal Gideon Moser; ID - 49895 State - Pennsylvania Regiment - 28 Company E; Mustered in on July 6, 1861; Information - Wounded at Ringgold on November 27, 1863 - promoted to Corporal on January 1, 1864 - mustered out with company on July 18, 1865.

The Pennsylvania Monument at Gettysburg

On the panel for the 28th Pennsylvania Infantry, Company E, commanded by Jacob D. Arner is listed the following: Corporals: Aaron Moser; Privates: Gideon Moser.

1870 United States Federal Census

Name: Gideon Moser; Age in 1870: 32; Birth Year: abt 1838; Birthplace: Pennsylvania; Dwelling Number: 60; Home in 1870: Rahn, Schuylkill, Pennsylvania; Gender: Male; Male Citizen over 21: Y; Household Members: Name Age; Joseph Moser 40, Pennsylvania; Gideon Moser 32, Pennsylvania; Mary Moser 20, Pennsylvania; Ely Moser [Unknown Relationship] 12, Pennsylvania

1880 United States Federal Census

Name: Gideon Moser; Age: 41; Birth Date: Abt 1839; Birthplace: Pennsylvania; Home in 1880: Pottsville, Schuylkill, Pennsylvania, USA; Dwelling Number: 3; Race: White; Gender: Male; Relation to Head of House: Self (Head); Marital status: Married; Spouse's name: Clara Moser; Father's Birthplace: Pennsylvania; Mother's Birthplace: Pennsylvania; Occupation: Engineer; Months Not Employed: 6; Neighbors: View others on page; Household Members: Name Age; Gideon

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Moser 41, Pennsylvania; Clara Moser 39, Pennsylvania; Burchard Moser 7, Pennsylvania; Wallace Moser 5, Pennsylvania; Carrie Moser 3, Pennsylvania

Scranton Tribune, November 1897

"Gideon Moser, of Lafayette street, is going over old battle grounds near Chattanooga, Tenn."

Pennsylvania at Chickamauga and Chattanooga: Ceremonies at the Dedication of the Monuments Erected by Pennsylvania

Twenty-Eight Regiment Infantry – Continued – Page 457; Name: Moser, Gideon; Rank: Corp.; Co.: E; Residence: 1402 Lafayette St., Scranton, Pa.; Present at Dedication of Monument, 28th Regiment Infantry, Near Craven's House, Lookout Mountain, Tenn., November 15th, 1897

1900 United States Federal Census

Name: Gideon Moser, [Gideon Moser], [Gideon Moses]; Age: 62; Birth Date: Sep 1837; Birthplace: Pennsylvania; Home in 1900: Scranton Ward 4, Lackawanna, Pennsylvania; Ward of City: 4; Street: Lafayette St; House Number: 1402; Sheet Number: 14; Number of Dwelling in Order of Visitation: 278; Family Number: 280; Race: White; Gender: Male; Relation to Head of House: Head; Marital status: Married, 27 Years; Spouse's name: Clara A Moser, Married 27 Years, 4 Children, 2 Living; Marriage Year: 1873; Father's Birthplace: Pennsylvania; Mother's Birthplace: Pennsylvania; Occupation: Engineer Stationary; Months Not Employed: 0; Can Read: Yes; Can Write: Yes; Can Speak English: Yes; House Owned or Rented: O; Home Free or Mortgaged: F; Farm or House: H; Household Members: Name Age; Gideon Moser 62, Pennsylvania; Clara A Moser 59 Nov 1840, Pennsylvania; Wallace G Moser 25, Pennsylvania

1910 United States Federal Census

Name: Gideon Mores [Gideon Moser]; Age in 1910: 72; Birth Year: abt 1838; Birthplace: Pennsylvania; Home in 1910: Scranton Ward 4, Lackawanna, Pennsylvania; Street: Lafayette Street; Race: White; Gender: Male; Relation to Head of House: Head; Marital status: Married, 39 years [Estimated Year: 1871]; Spouse's name: Clara Moser, 39 Years Married; Father's Birthplace: Pennsylvania; Mother's Birthplace: Pennsylvania; Native Tongue: English; Home Owned or Rented: Own; Home Free or Mortgaged: Mortgaged; Farm or House: House; Able to Read: Yes; Able to Write: Yes; Years Married: 39; Survivor of Union or

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Confederate Army or Navy: UA; Household Members: Name Age; Gideon Mores 72, Pennsylvania; Clara Moser 69, Pennsylvania

Pennsylvania, Death Certificates, 1906-1966

Name: Gideon Moser; Gender: Male; Marital Status: Married; Race: White; Occupation: Engineer, Stationary; Age: 75; Birth Date: 1 Sep 1839; Birth Place: Pennsylvania; Death Date: 2 Jan 1915; Death Place: Dalton, Lackawanna County, Pennsylvania, USA; Burial Place: Dunmore Cemetery. [Dunmore, Lackawanna Co., Pennsylvania]. Date of Burial: Jan. 5, 1915; Father: Bickard [Burkhart] Moser, born: N. J.; Mother: Rebecca Walton [Wertman], born: N. J.; Certificate Number: 1504

FIND-A-GRAVE

Corp Gideon Moser BIRTH 1838 Pennsylvania, USA DEATH 2 Jan 1915 (aged 76–77) Dalton, Lackawanna County, Pennsylvania, USA BURIAL Dunmore Cemetery Dunmore, Lackawanna County, Pennsylvania, USA MEMORIAL ID 5966744 · I stopped by the Dunmore Cemetery on May 29th and found out that Gideon had been moved to a cemetery in Tamaqua in 1921. Left by RChippa on 30 May 2008. View Source. Created by: Hank Corless Added: 17 Nov 2001 Find A Grave Memorial 5966744.

FIND-A-GRAVE

Gideon Moser BIRTH 1838 DEATH 5 Jan 1915 (aged 76–77) BURIAL Odd Fellows Cemetery Tamaqua, Schuylkill County, Pennsylvania, USA PLOT Lot 26, Section 8 MEMORIAL ID 55191844 · View Source Gideon served as a Corporal with the 28th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, Company E (Civil War). He was wounded at Ringgold, Georgia, on November 27, 1863. Gideon was a Veteran soldier. He was originally buried in the Dunmore Cemetery, Lackawanna County, but was removed in 1921. (see findagrave memorial 5966744) Family Members Children Carrie E Moser □ 1877–1889. Created by: Joe Nihen Added: 20 Jul 2010 Find A Grave Memorial 55191844.

The Morning Call Wed May 11 1932

Coaldale -- Memorial Tablet -- Dedication Today -- Commemorates Local Soldiers Who Fought in Three of Nation's Wars -- COALDALE—An appropriate program has been arranged for the dedication exercises for the memorial tablet commemorating the local soldiers who fought in three of the nation's wars, on the garden plot adjoining Town hail this afternoon. The tablet is 26 by 29 Inches,

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made of bronze and is mounted on uncut marble. On it are Inscribed the names of 311 soldiers, 45 Civil War veterans, six Spanish-American War veterans, 258 World War veterans, and two World War nurses. The list of veterans as compiled by Legionnaires and their friends and as it appears on the tablet follows: Civil War list includes Moser, Aaron; Moser, Daniel; Moser, Joseph; **Moser, Gideon**, Moser, David; and Whetston, Pheon.

REGIMENTAL HISTORY

American Civil War Regiments, The Union Army, vol. 1. [This is a history of the regiment during its entire service during the war. The portion of time from enlistment date to discharge of this soldier is highlighted in *italics*.]

PENNSYLVANIA 28TH INFANTRY (3 YEARS) – *Regimental History: Twenty-eighth Infantry. - Cols., John W. Geary, Gabriel De Korponay, Thomas J. Ahl, John Flynn; Lieut.-Cols., Gabriel De Korponay, Hector Tyndale, John Flynn, James Fitzpatrick; Majs., Hector Tyndale, Ario Pardee, Jr., William Raphael, Robert Warden, L. F. Chapman, James Fitzpatrick, Charles W. Borbridge, Jacob D.Arner. This regiment, from different parts of the state, was mustered in at Philadelphia, June 28, 1861, to serve for three years. It contained fifteen companies and from the surplus a battery was formed, called Knap's battery of the 28th Pa. The command left Philadelphia on July 27, for Harper's Ferry and was assigned to Col. Thomas' brigade of Gen. Banks' army. On Aug. 13, it moved to Point of Rocks and guarded the frontier, endeavoring to prevent communication between the Confederates and their sympathizers. Skirmishes ensued at Pritchard's mill, Point of Rocks, Berlin and Knoxville. In October the battle was fought at Bolivar heights with success to our troops, and as this action was the first victory after Bull Run it was an inspiration and received enthusiastic commendation. The regiment held back a force of the enemy at Noland's ferry, who were on their way to Frederick to encourage the Maryland legislature to secede. During the winter of 1861-62 there were a number of sharp brushes with the opposing forces and in March the troops were able to gain and occupy Leesburg and Upperville, moving from there to Front Royal over disputed ground. In April, 1862, Col. Geary was made a brigadier-general, but the regiment remained under his command. It was attached in May to Gen Banks' division and took part in the battle of Front Royal. Soon, however, it was again assigned to Gen. Geary's command and became part of the 2nd brigade, 1st division, 2nd corps. Under Gen. Pope, in the Army of Virginia, the regiment fought bravely at Cedar mountain and the second Bull Run. It was*

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engaged at Antietam and in various strategic movements that followed to Harper's Ferry, Leesburg, Winchester, etc. From Jan. to April, 1863, the 28th was stationed at Acquia creek. Then followed the Chancellorsville campaign, in which it lost a third of its number in the three days, battle. On May 5, it returned to Acquia creek remaining there until June 13, when it marched to Gettysburg and participated in the battle. The regiment remained with the Army of the Potomac until September, when it was ordered to join the Army of the Cumberland. At Murfreesboro it engaged the enemy; remained guarding the road from Murfreesboro to Tullahoma for two weeks; arrived at Bridgeport, Ala., late in October; took part in the battle of Lookout mountain; and in the next few days participated in the battles of Missionary ridge and Ringgold. On Nov 29, Gen. Grant reviewed the troops who fought at Lookout mountain and praised them highly for their courage and discipline. Winter quarters were established at Bridgeport, where the men re-enlisted as a veteran regiment and were furloughed. After their return to the front the regiment fought at Guntersville Triana Rocky Face ridge, Resaca, Pumpkin Vine creek, New Hope Church, Pine knob, Lost mountain, Muddy creek, Nose's creek, Kolb's farm, Kennesaw mountain, and Marietta. Almost daily engaged, the army won its way to Atlanta. The 28th followed Sherman's army through the Atlanta campaign, the march to the sea, and all its varied service until mustered out on July 18, 1865, near Alexandria, Va.

Source: The Union Army, vol. 1

Antietam after battle report: Report of Maj. William Raphael, Twenty-eighth Pennsylvania Infantry, of the battle of Antietam. HDQRS. TWENTY-EIGHTH REGIMENT PENNSYLVANIA VOLS., Bolivar Heights, Va., September 23, 1862. MAJ.: On the morning of the 17th September, 1862 the regiment, under command of Maj. Ario Pardee, Jr., in compliance with orders from Brig.-Gen. Greene, commanding Second Division, Second Corps, advanced in line of battle upon the enemy's center, at 6 o'clock. After severe fighting through a thick wood in which the enemy was concealed, we completely routed them, strewing the ground with their dead and wounded. The enemy gave way before us, and, upon our advancing rapidly, they abandoned three pieces of artillery-one, a 12-pounder iron gun, the other two, 12-pounder brass pieces. A most gallant charge was made by the regiment. As the enemy advanced upon us the second time we again drove them back, killing many. The regiment then advanced to within 50 yards of the enemy's lines, and held the position there until a regiment on the right gave way under a most galling fire, when the regiment was compelled to fall back, owing to the supply of ammunition being exhausted and the overwhelming force of the enemy,

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advancing in three columns on our right, left, and center, threatening annihilation to the small force in that position, numbering of the regiment about 300 men, and of the Federal forces not exceeding 600. At 1.30 p. m. the order was given to fall back, when the regiment retired about 200 yards to the rear, when it was relieved by forces under command of Gen. Smith. It is impossible at this time to speak of individual bravery. Suffice it to say one and all, officers and men, could not possibly have fought with more determination. Very respectfully, your obedient servant, WILLIAM RAPHAEL, Maj. Twenty-eighth Regiment Pennsylvania Vols. Commanding. Maj. O. J. CRANE, Seventh Ohio Volunteers, Commanding First Brigade. Source: Official Records: Series I. Vol. 19. Part I, Reports. Serial No. 27*

Gettysburg after battle report: Report of Capt. John Flynn, Twenty-eighth Pennsylvania Infantry. Gettysburg, Pa., July 4, 1863. Lieut.: I have the honor to submit the following report of the part taken by the Twenty-eighth Regt. Pennsylvania Volunteers in the action of July 2 and 3, near Gettysburg, Pa.: Agreeably to orders received from brigade headquarters, on the morning of the 2d, the regiment was thrown to the front along the stream near the right of the line of battle, and remained in that position during the day, supporting the line of skirmishers of Gen. Greene's brigade. Some skirmishing with the enemy, in which 3 men were lost to the command. Retired at dark with the brigade, and formed line about 1 mile in the rear. Remained in that position until 12.30 a. m. July 3, when the regiment moved forward to retake the position left the morning before. Took position in the breastworks, relieving the Twenty-ninth Ohio Volunteers. Were under heavy fire while there, and lost during the engagement 3 killed and 22 wounded and missing. Were relieved, and rested in rear of the brigade until nearly 4 p. m., when we were again ordered into the breastworks, and remained there until 10 p. m. Again relieved, and again ordered at 2 a. m. to relieve the Sixtieth and Seventy-eighth New York Volunteers, still remaining there. I take pleasure in stating that officers and men, without exceptions, exhibited the greatest coolness and bravery, and I would consider it injustice to the command did I attempt to single out individual cases of bravery, as all performed well their part. I remain, very respectfully, your obedient servant, JOHN FLYNN, Capt., Comdg. Twenty-eighth Regt. Pennsylvania Vols. Lieut. A. H. W. Creigh, A. A. A. G., First Brig., Second Div., Twelfth Corps. Source: Official Records: Series I. Vol. 27. Part I. Reports. Serial No. 43

DEDICATION OF MONUMENT

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28th REGIMENT INFANTRY

NEAR CRAVEN'S HOUSE, LOOKOUT MOUNTAIN, TENN., NOVEMBER
15TH, 1897.

ADDRESS OF CORPORAL JOSEPH I. CORNET.

COMRADES of the Twenty-eighth Pennsylvania Veteran Volunteer Infantry Regiment, I greet you! For the fourth time we meet to renew our comradeship upon a former battlefield. In May, 1865, we halted upon the bloody field of Chancellorsville, while returning home from the war. Then and there we took up the body of our gallant leader, Major Lansford F. Chapman, who died while leading us in a charge, two years before. We have also met in reunion upon the fields of Gettysburg and Antietam. To-day, we meet where in our young manhood days we followed that gallant and brilliant Commander, Colonel Thomas J. Ahl, who led us above the clouds to battle with an almost unseen foe. It is my conferred duty to tell you that old story again after a lapse of thirty-four years.

THE CAMPAIGN BEGUN.

On Sunday morning, November 27, 1863, the Twenty-eighth Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry Regiment received orders to break camp preparatory to an onward movement. At 10 o'clock, under command of our leader, we marched to the recently vacated quarters of the Seventy-fifth Pennsylvania. Here we remained until Tuesday, November 24. At 6 o'clock that morning Colonel Charles Candy, commanding the brigade, the first of General John W. Geary's Second or White Star Division, Twelfth Army Corps, General H. W. Slocum Commanding corps, was ordered to report, for instructions to General Geary. Colonel Candy moved the brigade as ordered, leaving such portions as were on picket to remain in the Valley of Wauhatchie. The picket line was very heavy as on., troops were required to cover the recently vacated ground of the Eleventh Corps as well as our own. The Twenty-ninth Ohio Regiment and several companies of the Fifth Ohio Regiment of our brigade were the troops left behind. Before leaving camp, we unslung our knap-sacks and piled them. One or two men from each company were detailed to remain in charge. The brigade then formed and moved in light marching order forward to the place designated by General Geary to meet the other two brigades of the division.

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Colonel Candy was ordered to form line for battle. The right of the leading regiment, en echelon, at about fifty paces interval to the troops on the right. The brigade moved forward in the following order: The One hundred and forty-seventh Pennsylvania, Seventh Ohio, Twenty-eighth Pennsylvania, Sixty-sixth and Fifth Ohio Regiments. After marching three-quarters of a mile, Colonel Candy received instructions to change front to the left, with orders to have two regiments to scout the fields at the foot of Lookout Mountain and to uncover the fords so that troops could cross at or near the mouth of Lookout Creek. This duty having been satisfactorily performed, the two regiments rejoined the brigade.

THE BATTLE OF LOOKOUT MOUNTAIN.

The left of the brigade was then ordered; "About half wheel." Heavy and sharp firing was soon heard on the Point and prisoners began coming in. The Fifth Ohio numbered about fifty men and it was ordered to take charge of the prisoners and take them to the rear, which they did. In the meantime, the troops on the right had attacked the enemy and driven him from the rifle pits with considerable loss in killed and wounded.

Between two and three o'clock, Colonel Candy received an injury to his hip when he was disabled and compelled to retire from active duty. Colonel William R. Creighton of the Seventh Ohio Regiment, one of the finest soldiers in the brigade, at once assumed command. The brigade was then in this position: The Seventh Ohio and the One hundred and forty-seventh Pennsylvania occupied the rifle pits on the right and left of the road two hundred yards in advance of the White or Craven House. The Sixty-sixth Ohio and the Twenty-eighth Pennsylvania were on the left, further down the mountain. A heavy fire resulted from the movements of the brigade which continued for some time. An irregular fire was kept up from both sides all the afternoon. After the two regiments first named had reached their position it was observed that the enemy was massing against our extreme right under the cliff. The Twenty-eighth was ordered to fill the gap and to dislodge the enemy which was done in gallant style. The rebel sharpshooters were now beginning to harass the command when a portion of the Twenty-eighth was ordered to deploy and take position as sharpshooters, which they did. The Twenty-eighth remained in position until late at night when it was relieved by the Eighth Kentucky Infantry and descended the mountain to where the brigade headquarters were in order to make coffee and get a meal, the first since breakfast.

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The day was misty; in the morning as we moved forward a cold, drizzling rain set in. The mountain was covered with a heavy fog so that to a great extent things were felt rather than seen. At times, while fighting at the height of eighteen hundred feet above the bosom of the broad and meandering Tennessee, when the clouds lifted, we saw before us one of the most lovely stretches of landscape ever presented to man. Rugged mountains, hills, valleys, green fields, rivers and smaller streams, towns and villages were unfolded beneath us as were never before unfolded to the gaze of soldiers in battle before, and it may be that in all the ages to follow us none will ever again be so blessed with such romantic sight under similar circumstances. These magnificent views were only seen for a moment at a time, however, as the heavy clouds would soon settle down again.

Alter the regiment had been relieved from its position and had partaken of supper there was a supplementary view presented to our admiring gaze, that is, to those of us who were able to keep awake to witness it. We had had glimpses of the beauties of terra firma during the day; now, at night, we witnessed one of the spectacular scenes of Heaven, an eclipse of the moon.

In this battle, while the Twenty-eighth did a great deal of hard work, the regiment had but few losses. General Geary gives the losses of the division at Lookout Mountain as follows: Killed, two officers and twenty men; wounded, fourteen officers and 102 men; total killed, twenty-two; wounded, one hundred and sixteen; grand total, one hundred and thirty-eight. What the losses of the other troops co-operating with us were I am unable to say, but it is given that Hooker lost five hundred men killed and wounded in the battle. The Confederate losses, according to General Geary's report, were as follows: Killed, one hundred and twenty-five; wounded and left on field, three hundred; prisoners, one thousand nine hundred and forty. The division captured two cannon, five battle flags and two thousand eight hundred stands of arms. Lookout Mountain was a great victory for Fighting Joe, but he died recalling that General Grant had denied that there was a battle on Lookout Mountain. General Grant said: (page 306, Volume II, "Around the World with General Grant") "The battle of Lookout Mountain is one of the romances of the war, There was no such battle and there was no action even worthy to be called a battle on Lookout Mountain; it is all poetry." In Volume II, "Personal Memoirs," pages 68 to 78, General Grant tells the story of the battle of Lookout Mountain, and in the index calls it the battle of Lookout Mountain, giving gallant Joe Hooker credit for all that was claimed for our popular general; but this was done In 1885, six years after the hero of the battle above the clouds was dead.

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MISSIONARY RIDGE.

On the day after the battle of Lookout Mountain, Wednesday, November 25, sometime before noon, we descended from the Palisades where we had had a view of the early movements in the battle on Missionary Ridge, seeing at a distance of three miles the shifting of heavy masses of troops and the firing of guns all of which was pleasant enough to see, and hear while occupying a position above and beyond the post of danger. Under the command of General Hooker who had as his flanking column Geary's Division, representing the Army of the Potomac; Osterhaus' Division, from the Army of the Tennessee, and Cruft's Division from the Army of the Cumberland, we moved rapidly towards Missionary Ridge where General Sherman, who had been fighting all day, we found had all he could do in his attack on Bragg to hold his own. Our forces under Hooker turned the enemy's left and won the day, Thousands of the Confederates threw down their arms and one whole brigade surrendered to Hooker's command. The Twenty-eighth at first supported a battery of flying artillery and afterwards climbed the mountain without giving the enemy any chance to return our fire as he was on the run, and we had no losses on that day.

While yet on the battlefield I asked a Confederate prisoner, a young man of sixteen years. 'Were you conscripted?' "No," he said, "they took me. Oh. I could have had a brand new, red flannel shirt that was laying on the ground, if I'd only know'd this." He was not a bit afraid of what his fate might be in the hands of the Yankees; he only thought of that red flannel shirt.

From Missionary Ridge to Pea Vine Creek the next day, where in the evening the enemy was met and a brief fight ensued, was a rapid march, as you all remember.

RINGGOLD, GA.

Up to this time the Twenty-eighth had done some important work without suffering material losses, but at Ringgold, which we reached at an early hour on Friday, November 27, we were destined to accomplish less but to lose many officers and men killed and wounded. Osterhaus, we found skirmishing with the enemy, whose whole rear guard was on Taylor's Ridge, a wild, rugged and steep mountain. The Confederates were located in a strong position on top of the mountain in great force. Orders were received to move to the left of the town and

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to charge up the ridge, Geary supposing it to be held by a small force. The brigade was formed in two lines, the Sixty-sixth Ohio and the twenty-eighth Pennsylvania, and the Seventh Ohio and One hundred and forty-seventh Pennsylvania. We moved towards the top of the ridge under heavy fire of musketry. On reaching the foot of the mountain the second line was moved to the left of the first and extended it, but the enemy reinforced his troops and had double the number we had while we had the work before us of climbing the ridge. We withheld our fire until we had gone half way up the mountain side; we were tired and our fire was not delivered with that accuracy and effect that might have been hoped for. It was as much as we could do to climb the rough and steep mountain-side without having to fight a larger army in front of us.

The Seventh Ohio ascended on the side of a ravine and was moving nobly upward when the enemy threw troops on both flanks of it, placing that gallant regiment between enfilading fires. The result was that all of its officers and many men were killed or wounded. The One hundred and forty-seventh Pennsylvania was advancing beautifully when the enemy threw troops on both sides of its flanks, and seeing the results of similar dispositions of the enemy on the Seventh Ohio, the regiment was withdrawn and fell back. It was just before this that Colonel Creighton, who commanded the brigade, learning of the death of Lieutenant Colonel Crane exclaimed. "There goes poor Crane." He too, fell, and as he did, said, "Tell my wife I died at the head of my command."

Colonel Ahl then took command of the brigade. Our regiment was on the right of the line. The Twenty-eighth fell back after the disasters on the left had occurred, in accordance with orders, but about twenty comrades of company A who, with a few members of company F, and Adjutant Samuel Goodman not hearing the orders to withdraw, remained. Along with us was a color bearer with his colors and one comrade from an Iowa regiment. We remained in our advanced position sometime, deploying and acting as skirmishers. While here, Adjutant Goodman, who refused to get behind shelter though admonished by the men to do so, and who was standing fifty feet ahead of our thin line on a mountain road, was wounded in an arm. About this time I was startled by the cry of my nearest comrade, Pat Mcshay, who exclaimed, "I'll die, if I don't get a thaw of tobacco." I certainly was relieved of much anxiety when I heard the last part of his exclamation. I fired just after this and before I could get back under shelter again I was struck in the right breast by a spent ball. I saw the ball within six feet of me after it had hit me and I longed to pick it up for a relic, but I was afraid I might

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pick up others that I didn't want for they were flying in profusion and promiscuously. At last the welcome sound of a Yankee cannon was heard, and it began to fire over our heads on the enemy. It was, I suppose, one of Knap's guns. We, then fell back moving at a right shoulder shift, stopping ever and anon to return the enemy's fire. Some of our men were wounded, I think on this retreat, but I do not remember who or how many of them were shot as we retreated.

Colonel Ahl reported the loss of the Twenty-eighth to be four officers wounded and four men killed and twenty-eight men wounded; total, thirty-six. The list of killed was increased to ten by the death of six of the wounded comrades.

The names of those killed and died of wounds were: Lieutenant Peter Kaylor, company F, but who commanded company D; Sergeant Major Robert A. Kernihard, company A; Henry C. Fithian, John Hill and Charles T. Murphy, all of company D; Joseph W. Stephens and John Lane, company F; James T. Brady, company G; Samuel Hamilton and James Dunn, company K.

THE DIVISION'S LOSSES.

General Geary's official report after the close of the campaign around Chattanooga, has these statistics:

Whole number of officers killed, five; number of officers wounded, twenty-nine; number of men killed, twenty-nine; number of men wounded (including many who died from their wounds) one hundred and fifty; total number killed, thirty-four; total number wounded, one hundred and seventy-nine; total killed and wounded, two hundred and three; number missing, probably killed, twenty-five. Grand total of losses, Geary's Division, two hundred and twenty-eight.

At Missionary Ridge we helped to capture a Confederate brigade in addition to which we took two hundred other prisoners. Geary's Division started in the campaign with, three brigades, and we had one hundred and forty-one officers and two thousand eight hundred and eighteen men; total force, two thousand nine hundred and fifty-nine officers and men.

Of the two thousand and twenty regiments mustered into the Union service during the war, the Twenty-eighth Pennsylvania stands No. 124 in the list of killed. In Its four years of active duty the regiment lost one hundred and fifty-seven killed, three

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hundred and ninety-four wounded, and thirty-five prisoners, the smallest loss in prisoners of probably any regiment that was constantly in active service in the Union army. The entire losses were therefore five hundred and eighty-six in action and one hundred and twenty-seven died from disease.

Of the two thousand six hundred and sixty-five enrolled officers and men about one thousand lofted the regiment when the war was practically over, and five companies were taken to form the nucleus of the One hundred and forty-seventh Pennsylvania and perhaps fifty were transferred to form the nucleus of Knap's Battery. Our regiment produced two major generals and two brigadier generals.

IN CONCLUSION.

Now comrades, when alter four years of war, having been engaged in nearly thirty battles and scores of skirmishes fought in many states, we returned home thirty-two years ago, we had with us some of the standbys of our gallant regiment. In the generation that has since gone by. very many of them have passed from earth. As I remember them I will name a few: General John W. Geary, afterwards Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; General John Flynn, Lieutenant Colonel James Fitzpatrick, Major J. D. Arner, Captain James Silliman, Captain James F. Knight, company F. General Hector Tyndale, Dr. H. B. Goodman, one of the ablest and noblest physicians in the land, "a good man and true" in more than one sense; Color Bearer Barney Lynch, who carried the colors in twenty-three battles, Colonel Thomas S. Ahl, and a host of others.

Now, as we part, may God bless us each and all; may we meet in happiness when we cross that other picket line and hold that most glorious of all reunions in the Land higher above the clouds than any we ever occupied in our marches, encampments and battles on earth.

And now, I dedicate this monument in the name of the twenty-eighth Pennsylvania Veteran Volunteers. For ages after we have been entombed It will stand here and tell in brief the story of our prowess.

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WERTMAN FAMILY HISTORY

Gideon Moser (1839-1915) >> son of Brukhard Moser (1800-1863) and Rebecca Wertman (1806-1888) >> George Philip Wertman IV (1779-1823) >> Jacob Sr. >> George Philip

Relationship	Name	Birth Date	Notes
Wife	Clara A. Moser	Nov. 21 1848, Harford, Susq. [Susquehanna] Co, Pa.	Writes in Support of claim of husband Gideon Moser
Brother	Lewis Moser		Witnessed Application for Re-Rating and Increase of Pension of his brother Gideon Moser,
Son	Wallace Gideon Moser	21 January 1875	Listed in Circular from Department of the Interior, Pension Office requested Marriage and Living Children Information.
Brother in Law to Clara A. Moser	A. Wesley Stephens	68 years old on 3 March 1915. Calculated birth year is 1847.	General Affidavit -- Dated 13 March 1915 of A. Wesley Stephens a resident of Nicholson, Wyoming, Pennsylvania in support of the claim of Clara A. Moser. Marriage date of Clara and Gideon is 25 Oct 1870. Death date of Gideon is 2 Jan 1915.
Brother	David W. Moser	80 years old on 3 March 1915. Calculated birth year is 1835.	General Affidavit -- Dated 13 March 1915 of David W. Moser a resident of North Everett Avenue, Scranton, Lackawanna, Pennsylvania in support of the claim of Clara A. Moser. Marriage date of Clara and Gideon is 25 Oct 1870. Death date of Gideon is 2 Jan 1915.
Sister	Kate A. Wheatstone	69 years old on 3 March 1915. Calculated birth year is 1846.	General Affidavit -- Dated 15 March 1915 of Kate A. Wheatstone a resident of Scranton, Lackawanna, Pennsylvania in support of the claim of Clara A. Moser. Marriage date of Clara and Gideon is 25 Oct 1870. Death date of Gideon is 2 Jan 1915.

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<p>Brother to Clara A. Moser</p>	<p>S. LeRoy Tiffany</p>	<p>79 years old on 3 March 1915. Calculated birth year is 1836.</p>	<p>General Affidavit -- Dated 15 March 1915 of S. LeRoy Tiffany a resident of Nicholson, Wyoming, Pennsylvania in support of the claim of Clara A. Moser. Marriage date of Clara and Gideon is 25 Oct 1870. Death date of Gideon is 2 Jan 1915.</p>
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